| BY MAIL. | Oue | Six | Three | POSTAGE PAID. | Xee: | Mos. | Mos. | Daily, with Sunday | 4:00 | 1:00 | 1:00 | Sunday edition only ... | 2:00 | 1:00 | 3:00 | 1:00 | Sunday edition only ... | 2:00 | 1:00 | 3:00 | 1:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 3:00 |

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1907.

The love which starts from beauty of face ennobles itself at last into love for beauty of soul .- Richter.

#### The Tax Problem. In his message to the Legislature

Governor Glenn, of North Carolina, paid special attention to the subject of taxation. It was recently disclosed by the auditor's report that property in North Carolina was assessed in many instances a consequence many countles were drawing out of the State treasury more dition which exists in Virginia also. Governor Glenn told the Legislature that the law should be so revised as to bring about a uniform rule whereby property should be assessed for taxation at its true noney value. "If this were done," said he, "instead of tax valuation in the State aggregating \$461,520,668, the grand total would be a billion dollars, making possible a much lower rate of taxation.

"Amend the law so list-takers shall make "Amend the law so list-takers shall make every taxpayer give, under oath, all his realty, wherever situated, at its true money value, the list-taker to take testimony of others touching the value of the property where thought advisable, and submit the whole report to the board of equalization by whom the valuation shall be finally fixed."

The rule in Virginia is fixed by the Constitution, and it is that all taxable property shall be assessed at a fair

We have also a statute on this subject, which Judge Hutton, of the Twenty-third Judicial District, is enforcing,

Section 508 of the Code provides; That it shall be the duty of the judges of the circuit courts and corporation courts, at the term next succeeding the return by the commissioners of their everal books of assessment, to charge the grand juries impaneled by them to further provides what are the duties of the grand jury in reference to these In charging the grand jury of Washington county, Judge Hutton said that it was his duty under oath of office call the attention of the grand jury to that statute, and that it was the duty of the grand jury, "without fear, favor execute the same." After some remarks in explanation and in defense of the inmatter what view any individual judge enight take, the courts had nothing to do with the wistern of the law." "That," he continued. "is a matter for the Legislature, and it would be manifestly impartment of the government, to criticize the acts of the Legislature, another coordinate department of the government, even if the court did not agree to the wisdom of the legislative action. But in this case, gentlemen, I deem it my duty to say that the provisions in our Constitution and laws for an income tax meet my most cordial approval. A reasonable income tax, in my judgment, i pre-eminently a proper tax. A man for tunate enough to have an income in excess of six hundred dollars, after deducting what the law permits him to deduct. can much more easily pay his taxes, including the income tax, than his less fortunate neighbor who makes only six hundred dollars; and it does not seem to be a very great hardship that the law should take one dollar out of a hundred for the support of the government which

greater." We have often expressed the opinion that there is no tax more fair than the income tax in Virginia, for it simply takes from a man a portion of his carnings in excess of \$600. It is cortainly more fair than the tax on property which yields no income. But, be that as it may, the inthe tax on real and personal property or any other subject, and the law should be rigidly enforced, or it should be repealed. It is a shame to compel some to pay and allow others to escape.

protects his family, his property and him-

self, especially when his interest in the

protecting hand of the government is

In concluding his parting address to the ere sure, and they are perpetual,

In concluding his parting address to the grand jury, Judge Hutton said:

"Every man should give in his property for taxation according to the law and under his oath, and if he fails to do it, the law is right in fixing penalties for the failire.

"There are doubtless many inequalities in the assessments of property, and this is not the failire of the law. The Constitution and the law provide that all assessments of real estate and tangible personal property shall be at their fair market value, except where it is otherwise especially provided I said to you in my charge when you were impaneed. I did not believe that any great number of the citizens of our county would intentionally refuse to give in their property for taxation, and I seem gratified to know from your report."

In the word "correct," instead of the word "incorrect."

Again, the chairman asked me this question; "What do you think are the relation: "Hor countributor, and it all depends on the contributor, The taxation and the all depends on the contributor, The taxation and the law right in fixing penalties for the failire.

"There are doubtless many inequalities in the salessments of property, and this is not the failire.

"There are doubtless many inequalities in the law and on the contributor, the tax objects of the word "incorrect."

Again, the chairman asked me this question: "Most ob you think are the relation: "What do you think are the relation: "What do you think are the relation: "What ability, but let evalues easier than others can give hundreds, and some than others are doubtless of the word "incorrect."

I again, the chairman asked me this question: "In the choth and boy think that th

that much is the fact, and you have not felt it your duty to make any indictments in reference thereto, but that when the law was explained to the citizens, they willingly corrected their lists. This is a source of gratification to me, and I feel assured it is to you, if further crifficien of your action is indulged in, you may rest assured it will be by those only who, after the law has been explained to them, are still unwilling to obey it."

In taking this course, Judge Hutton has not only discharged his duty, but he has performed a public service of great value, If all judges in the State would do likewise and make it their business to see that all property, real and personal, and all incomes are assessed according to the rule of the Constitution, there would be little ground for complaint of inequality State would be enormously increased.

Questions for Mr. Harriman.

After the adjournment of the Interstate Commerce Commission in Chicago last Thursday, it was announced that the next hearing in New York was to deal exclusively with Mr. Harriman's financial operations. This investigation will relate especially to the manner in which Mr. Harriman has gotten a grip on a number of railroads, but it ought to be pushed farther than that. At a recent meeting of the board of directors of the Union Pacific road a ten per cent, dividend was leclared by that company, and a five per cent, dividend on the Southern Pacific This took Wall Street by storm, for the dividend rate was largely more than any of the traders had dreamed of. The dividend was declared one day, but announcement was withheld until the next. Of course, there was a sudden jump in the price of both Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and those who were fortunate enough to hold the stock were delighted, but those who had sold under a misapprehension were indignant and disgusted.

Interstate Commerce Commission, it was ascertained that the Union Pacific road owned large blocks of stock in numerous other roads, and the public was puzzled to understand just why that should be, But there are some financiers who believe that they have discovered the secret. They believe that Mr. Harriman and his associates sold to the Union Pacific Railroad, which they controlled, their private holdings in various other ralleads, then raised the dividend on Union Pacific and Southern Pacific stocks, and unloaded large holdings of these stocks on the public.

Of course, outsiders do not know this to be a fact, but some believe it to be such, and it would be well for the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and ascertain if they are right.

#### The Laxity of the Law.

The New York jury before which was tried the licorice-paste cases, involving he charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law in forming a combination to control the supply of licerice which is used in the manufacture of plug tobacco, returned a verdict of guilty against the two corporations involved, but a verdict of acquittal against the individual de-Young.

are convicted as corporations, and if the verdict stands they will be fined. These orporations have millions of money and can pay any reasonable fine without feelng it. Such a "punishment" is no pun-Ishment at all. And were these corporaions as such responsible for the violation of the law? Can a corporation of tself do anything? A corporation is an organization of individuals. Its acts are the acts of individuals. Its lawlessless is the lawlessness of individuals, and the person or persons who are reporation should be held to personal account and punished as other individual law-breakers are punished, by a fine or imprisonment, or both, according to the

We shall never break up the lawless. ness and devilment of corporations until we get at the source of such lawlessness and devilment and punish those who are when we must cease to treat a corporation as an inanimate thing. We must treat it as a living personality and deal dividuals who violate the law,

#### A Good Investment

The Y. M. C. A. campaign is on, and it is moving by its own inherent force. The meeting of the committee yesterday afternoon was full of enthusiasm; not its own shouting, but the suppressed enthusiasm of the heart that finds vent in action. The canvassers will now go out, and they will not return emptyhanded. They will not ask an alms. Rich men who have a little loose change to give had better bestow it upon the street beggar. The Y. M. C. A. canvassers will not ask them for loose change, for surplus cash that they may have lying around. They will not ask for a gift to charity. The object of this movement is to erect a great building for a great institution that will do great things for the city of Richmond. The canvassers will ask the substantial men come tax is as much a lawful tax as of Richmond to put substantial sums of money into this enterprise as a permanent investment-as an investment that will yield rich returns to the contributors as well as to the community. The investment is first-class, for the dividends

gratified to know from your report us could speak of it as OUR building, and

visitors.

The campaign is on. Be ready when the canvassers call, for the time is short, It is a thirty-day campaign.

#### Fundamentals.

Richmond Is very fond of Dr. Widter Page, and always hears him with gladness as well as with profit. His "symposlum" talks yesterday afternoon were very frank, but very instructive, and all who heard him have a higher appreciation of the true dignity of labor and handleraft. He went down to the foundation when in discussing the fundamentals of education he declared that the farmer and the carpenter are our fundamentals. and that education is that sort of train ing which puls democracy in the right is a constructive force, or it is useless.

We cannot agree with Dr. Page that he would have done the world a greater service had he followed the example of one of his kinsmen and become a carpenter instead of a printer; and much as we appreciate his noble ambition to be the architect and builder of a door, we think that he chose well his vocation when he became a missionary.

But there is a place for the honest and efficient carpenter; for honest and effielent journeymen in all crafts, and the South would be far better off if more of her young men had learned a good trade. Our greatest lack to-day is in skilled workmen, and we shall not supply that lack entirely until we shall have gotten rid of the silly notion that it is not quite so respectable to be a carpenter as it is to be a lawyer. When society comes to its senses and opens its doors with as warm a welcome to the refined and cultured carpenter as it does to the refined and cultured man in any other profession; when it measures a man by his merit, and not by his calling, there will be many more skilled artisans in the land.

Advising his class of girls to read as much as possible of the poet Gay's works, a college professor added: "If you can't get Gay in the library, come to my We haven't heard how many

The birth-rate in New York is evidently very high. Her population is noticeably increasing, despite the fact that there are now 11,000 automobiles in her midst.

Once Johndee Rockefeller was very bold in killing competitors and building up trade. Now the old gentleman is getting the convictions of his courage.

President Castro, who is described as "suffering from two distinct types of fever." now seems to be convalescing without a typographical error.

Anyway, that new Polish planist with the unbranderized name ought to turn out a pretty fair line of music for a St. Vitus dance.

Representative Gaines says that no man can call him a liar. But anybody can call you a wind-bag, can't they,

Fortunately, Messrs, Gaines and Mahon settled their differences without the ne-cessity of a flying trip to Tonopah, Nev.

It is announced that the Storers are going abroad to live. Not, however, in any ambassadorial capacity.

In any case, the Hull bill for improved coast defenses will have the support of the hull Hull family, His name is Guggenheim, but, for all we know, he may not be that kind of person at all.

John Wesley Gaines will have difficulty n re-establishing his reputation as a perfect lady.

Seventeen distinct languages, English, are spoken in India. Money talks

After all, the gist of the pure-food law is merely that a label must not be a libel. Some attorneys work Standard Oil for their living. Others work for theirs.

The late Shah was tile only man who ever beat Castro at anything.

Mrs. Langtry's newest name is Lady de Bathe. Sponge or immunity?

### A Card From Mr. Eggleston.

my statement yesterday before the book investigating committee, I find two errors which I think of sufficient importance to

which I think of sufficient importance to be corrected.

In answer to the question asked me by the chairman of the committee:
"The members of the board who made the adoption in 1904 claim that they had the advantage of the widest competition as to prices. What have you to say in regard to this?"

My answer was as follows:

My answer was as follows:

"The statement made and reiterated before your committee last month that there was the 'widest field for competition' there was the 'widest field for competition' between the book publishers; that 'there was complete competition,' or, in fact, that there was any competition whatever in prices between the publishers, is incorrect, and if the committee is not satisfied that my statement is true, and if the eminent gentlemen who composed the State board in 1904 are unwilling to accept my statement, I suggest that this committee and these gentlemen ask the publishers. One gentleman stated before this committee 'he would be very much committee 'he would be very much startled to hear that there was not a very large discount on the books that we have, as against the prices at which these books are sold on the open market.' I he will take the trouble to consult the current catalogues of the book publishers and compare the prices given there with
the prices which the people are now paying for schoolbooks in this State, he will
learn that in a few cases a very slight
discount was given, while in the majority of cases there was no discount
whatever. As a matter of fact, no reputable publisher would or could have gone
into such a contest with reduced prices
on his books."

Your report of the matter made me use
the word "correct," instead of the word
"incorrect."

Again the chalments

The account of the examination in The Times Dispatch of Friday is so couprehensive and so excellent in every why that I would not ask for these corrections except that they seem to me to be vital to my argument, and proper for a correct understanding of my position. I am. Very truly yours.

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Richmond, Va.

## Rhymes for To-Day

Life in the House; or Good Laws! JOHN Wesley Gaines, the Muse's Own,
Alleged that when the Congress went
To making laws, the Hon. Mahon
Was absent 95 per cent.
Whereat Mahon, with bitter ire,
Described John Wesley as a liar.

Now if one's being merely sassed One takes it pleasant as can be, But "le" 's a word that isn't passed With freedom down in Tennessee: Mahon may not have meant to miff him-Wesley straightway itched to biff

But strong men crowded in between And bade him keep himself more still; The Speaker smote his desk, I ween, With Jove-like stroke on stroke, until His gavel-head—'twas last December's— Flew off and wounded several members.

So Wesley sat, with useless fist, A knight without reproach or fears— Till lo! from out the wordy mist. That phrase again fell on his ears: "Who says that, first or last or middle, I'm wanting, tells a tarradiddle."

Good sooth, 'twas more than flesh could

bear! John Wesley's did not try, I own: He flew pugnaciously to where Declaimed the bellicose Mahon, Resolving, midst the loud hubbubbing, He'd give (or else receive) a drubbing

But there! The peril soon passed on; No Solon's gore was split that day.

They seized the biting kicking John
And bore him scrappily away;
And thus the thing turned out less cruel
Than, say, the typic Frenchmen's duel.

Three minutes past the opening "break," The Gaines-Mahon war sweetly ends; They found 'twas all a pure mistake And grew again the best of friends. To call John Wesley Gaines a liar. H. S. H.

MERELY JOKING.

Their Introduction.

Mother-Bobble, how did you get tith the little boy next door? Bobble-I licked him -Smart Set.

Sweet Liberty.

Little Ethel-"When I grow up, I am going to do just exactly as I please."

Little Willie-"What are you going to be, a cook?"-Philadelphia Record.

"Yes, Miss Hoxley is mad. There was a certain puppy with a great pedigree that she wanted her father to buy for her, but he wouldn't do it."

"What was it-a French count or a German baron?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

"You say you would not think of touching a penny that did not belong to you?" said the magnate's questioning friend. "Certainly not," answered Mr. Dustin Stax. "You see, I've got the business of the country so systematized that every penny the duck legally belongs to me."—Washington Str."

Quite a Scheme.

"Really, Mrs. Subbubs," began Mrs. Gaussip, with an air of plesurable excitement," If think you ought to know this, Your husband kissed your cook!"
"Yes," replied Mrs. Subbubs, "I told him to do it. In that way, you see, the cook thinks she is getting shead of me, and so she never thinks of leaving."—Philadelphia Press.

Cause of Her Pensiveness.

"Young Mrs. Oldrox seemed to be in rather a pensive mood to-day."
"I don't wonder. The doctor says her husband's days are numbered."
"Really? Ah! I suppose she was thinking how ston he would leave her."
"Either that or 'fiow much," "—Philadelphia Press.

COMMENT OF VIRGINIA EDITORS.

Richmond is "spreading herself." Happy the people who gather under her sheltering wing.—Appomattox Times.

Lucky Thirteen.

Lucky Thirteen.

If you are superstitious about the number "13" you had better give us your quarter dollars, for on each one are 13 stars, 13 letters in the scroll of the engle's beak, 13 leaves on the ollve branch, 13 arrow heads and 13 letters in the words "quarter dollar." If you are struid of the number 18, we will state that we are not at all superstitious, and we will take them on your back subscription. Bring them and get credit for them.—Southside Virginia,

The further we get along on life's journey, do we come to learn that there's more mistion a robin's chirp than there is in the shouts of a mob, and a cluster of roses or a vine in blossom looks prettler than one's name in print.—Roamoke Thees,

In entering this week upon the second year of his duties, the editor and manager of this paper whiches to extend his sincer thanks and heart-felt appreciation to the friends and patrons of the Mirror, who, by their co-peration and patronage have enabled him to start the second were with conserts for start the second year with prospects fa brighter than when he first assumed charge, year ago,—Leesburg Mirror.

POINTS FROM PARAGRAPHERS.

A N exchange reminds boys that it is not the best pool players who become Preside the Certainly not. The boy who would become Preside should give his attention to tennis, bag punching and bobcat shooting.—Kapass City Journal.

If Caruso goes into comic opera, as he threatens, we hereby tout Cosmo Monkhouse to write the lyrics.—Buffalo News.

A Pittsburg physician says he can a blush. Probably it is necessary in burg.—Atlanta Georgian.

What Russia ought to do is to get Mr. Henry James to rewrite Kuropatkin's history of the late war, instead of destroying it. It would look better upon the part of Russia, and nobady would ever be able to make heads or tails of it, anyhow.—Washington Herald.

A wedding which depended on the safe return of the Peary expedition was solomnized resterday. Some couples wish theirs had linged an the discovery of the North Pole.—New York Mail. In New Jersey it is considered a serious of-

PERSONAL AND GENERAL

Dutch master.

Rober I, Baker, formerly of the Amherst faculty, is essistant astronomer of the Aliegheny observatory at the use of twenty-three, Gardner F. Williams, the American mining engineer, who directs the diamond output of the world for the De Beers syndicate, was born in Michigan.

Louis N. Perker, the dramatist, was born to the control of the world for the property of the control of the world for the property of the control of the world for the property of the control of t

born in Michigan.

Louis N. Parter, the dramatist, was born in France; his father was an American, his mother an English woman; his first language was latilan, and he was educated in Germany. No live creatures except bees will be carried by post between Great Britain and Nicaragua, according to a parcel post agreement just concluded between the two countries. Hams Zuzel, an Austrian chemist, is said to have perfected an incandescent lamp which is made of filaments of cheap material, but of great durability, and capable of burning 3,509 hours.

As a realization of his boyhood fancies and the fondest dreams of his fifty years of life, George L. Long, for twenty-six years editor of the Mansor. (Ia.) Journal, and father of a grown son and daughter, entered college after the holidays.

the holidays.

An ingenious, if not novel, use has beer found for the kind of indiance discovered by Roentsen. With its aid a photograph has been taken showing the machinery of an automobile, without reasoning the hood which covered it.

Millions, possibly hillions, of auns shine. In the unneasured universe, and the one nearest to our sun is about \$25,690,000,000,000 miles distantif it were possible to go there on an airshin, averaging a mile a minute, day and night, the Journey would require \$5,630,000 years.

### People Seen in Public Places

Congressman Carter Glass of the Sixth District, spent yesterday in Richmond, having come down from Washington on his way to Lynch erg to look after some private matters here. While in the city the Congressman stopped at Murphy's, and was warmly greeted by many of his

and was warmly greeted by many of his old friends. He paid a number of calls during the day, and left for the Hill City on a night train.

He said, when seen by a Times-Disputch representative, that very little of striking interest was going on at the National Capital. Mr. Glass did not care to discuss the next governorship nomination for publication at this time, declaring that the contest was too far in the future. He seemed to have lost none of his old-time interest in State affairs, however, and turning interviewer, asked the newspaper man a great many questions about paper man a great many questions about what was going on here. The Congress-man is in fine health, and he seemed to e on good terms with himself and the

vorld. While Mr. Glass would not discuss the While Mr. Glass would not discuss the Governorship for publication, a number of his friends mentioned the subject to him while he was here, and the impression still prevails that he may enter the race at the proper time. He is regarded as one of the ablest debaters in Virginia, and should he "go gunning" after this big game a lively struggle would almost certainly ensue.

Mr. St. Geore R. Fitzhugh, a leading attorney of the city of Fredericksburg, is at the Richmond.

Dr. and Mrs. S. M. Robinson, of Wood Dr. and Mrs. S. M. Robinsen, of Wood-lawn, Va., ard registered at Murphy's. The presence of Dr. Robinson in the city suggests the fact that he was the last Democratic member of the House of Delegates to come from Carroli county, he having served during the session of 1899-1990.

Dr. Robinson, though serving but a single term, became very popular with his colleagues, and made a great many friends in the city. When here he was regarded as the handsomest bachclor of the lower branch; but soon after ad-

regarded as the handsomest bachelor of the lower branch; but soon after ad-journment he retired from politics, de-clined a second term, took unto himself a fair bride, and after the honeymnon was over settled down again to look after his large professional business. While a member of the House Dr. Robinson served on the Committee on Asylums and Pris-ons, and took the deepest interest in the conduct of the affairs of the humane institutions of the State.

State Senator Aubrey E. Strode, of Amherst, one of the members of the book investigating committee, who has been staying at Murphy's, left for his home

staying at Murphy's, left for his home yesterday afternoon. Stenographer George L. Hart, of Roan-oke, who was quartered at the Hotel Allen during the week, has also departed, and will finish up the transcript of the evidence at his office in the Magic City. Mr. Hart will send each member a copy of that portion of the evidence; ot already delivered to them, and under Chalrman Byrd's instructions he will furnish Librarian Kennedy with a copy of that part of the record which refers to the library matter.

Judge John D. Horsley, a prominen lawyer of Lynchburg, and member of the Democratic State Executive Committee from the Sixth District, was in the city yesterday, Judge Horsley was here on private business, and was a caller at the Capitol during the day.

Among the prominent guests at the Richmond are Hon. A. P. Gillespie, member of the recent Constitutional Convention from Tazewell, and Dr. H. B. Frissell, president of the Colored Normal School at Hampton.

Mr. J. S. Cochran, of Virginia, is stopping at the Jefferson.

Hon. Richard B. Davis, of Petersburg, as in the city yesterday on legal bus

#### MISS ROBINS IN CHARGE.

Will Be Hostess of the Maryland Building at Jamestown.

Building at Jamestowni.

BAI/TIMORE, MD., January 11.—The ladles' auxiliary to the Maryland Commission to the Jamestown Exposition has selected Miss Mary Lynn Robbins, of Cumberland, to be the hostess at the Maryland Building. Miss Röbbins comes of distinguished Maryland ancestry, and is a charming hostess.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] WILSON, N. C., January 11.-Mr. Cal-vfn Woodard to-day sold his residence on \$6,000, and purchased a lot on Whitehead Avenue, on which he will erect a hand-some residence.

The colored Missionary Baptist Church people are having their recently pur-chased lot on the corner of Nash and Pender Streets cleared of buildings, preparatory to the erection of their new and handsome brick edifice. Their new hurch will be an ornament to that section of the city.

then of the city.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the Branch Banking Company held this week, Mr. J. C. Hales, formerly cashler, was elected president, vice, Hon. H. G. Connor, who resigned. Mr. George Standard, when the standard of the company of t ton, who for several years has been teller vas elected cashier.

The cotton receipts on the Wilson mar-et to date amount to 12,410 bales, against her to that amount to 2,40 ones, against 9,149 bales for the corresponding period last year. Tobacco sales this month have been rather light, but prices are satisfactory.

Professor Tyler Appointed.

Protessor Tyler Appointed.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WILLIAMSBURG, VA., January 11.—It has just been learned here that the American Historical Association has appointed Mr. Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts; Professor William N., Sloane, of Columbia University, and Dr. Lyon G. Tyler, of William and Mary College, as a committee to represent the association at the Jamestown Exposition.

The American Historical Association, as is well known; includes among its members some of the brightest American historians, and it is interesting to know that a Virsinian has been appointed on a committee to represent the association

committee to represent the association in the exercises which have been determind upon at the exposition,

# utt's Pils

will save the dyspeptic from many days of misery, and enable him to eat whatever he wishes. They prevent SICK HEADACHE.

cause the food to assimilate and nour-ish the body, give Reen appetite, DEVELOP FLESH

and solid muscle. Elegantly sugar Take No Substitute.

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## **AMUSEMENTS**

Academy—"Our New Minister." Bijou—"Fantasma," Bostock's—Wild Animal Show. Idlewood—Skating Rink.

comparative few that journeyed

The comparative few that journeyed to the Academy last night were rewarded by seeing one of the best rural plays that has been presented here, and those who falled to go should by all means see one of the performances to-day. "Our New Minister" is a thoroughly clean and wholesome rural drama of the type of "The Old Homestead" and "Shore Acres," and was presented by as competent a company of character actors petent a company of character actors petent a company of character actors as could be found on the stage. It is a simple story, well told, with plenty of pathos and humor and without the usual woman with a shady past or sin-ister and bloodthirsty villain. Joseph ister and bloodthirsty villain. Joseph Conyers heads the cast and gives a most ludicrous portrayal of Darius Startle, the town constable. He bears a striking resemblance to our own "Cyclone" Samuels, and his work alone is worth the price of a seat. Boyd Nolan is the new minister, and closely resembles Dustin Farnum in voice and appearance. His work is good throughout. The cast work is good throughout. Harriman as a reformed convict, Fred Clark as the storekeeper, and Calvin Dix as a Bowery boy with a Billy Baxter dia-lect, doing the best work of the male contingent. Miss Clara Rainsford was a typical village gossip, and Maud Dicker-son and Edith Millard were delightfully ingenuous in congenial roles.

At the Bijou.

The week's engagement of "Fantasma" at the Bijou Theatre will close to-day with matines and night performances. The show has drawn large houses and been a source of much enjoyment to theatre-goers and more particularly to the young people. Next week the melodrama, "Ninety and Nine," will be back again. This play takes its theme and title from the far-famed hymn of the singing evangelist, Ira D. Sankey. It tells a heatr-rending tale of a fallen man, drink-ridden and despondent, and his subsequent redemption through the influence of a noble and trusting woman. The unwinding of the love story and the dash of nature that the writer has infused into At the Bijou.

this stage creation by his splendid characters, make it an offering of more than passing interest.

"The Shepherd King."

"The Shepherd King."

Wright Lorimer will be seen at the Academy Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights, with a special mathree on Wednesday, in his impersonation of David, the poet-shepherd-warrior King of Israel, in his production of the romantic drama, "The Shepherd King." This production is under the management of William A. Brady, who has surrounded Mr. Lorimer with a supporting company of 150 people. Mr. Lorimer is a scholarly player, who is at all times consistent in hit work. Hey has a fine physique and an admirable voice, and is gifted with unusual artistic ability. In the four years he has played David, the character of the sweet singer lias grown upon him, until at the present time his impersonation is declared to be a splendid piece of histeinne work. The settings are of great artistic value, and the costumes are also of singular magnificence. Mr. Lorimer's supporting company, as stated, numbers upwards of 1' players, prominent among them bety carl Eckstrom, Mark Price, Daniel Gefether, Sam Forrest, May Buckley, Nelette Reed, Margaret Hayward and Marian Ward.

Wild Animal Show.

Wild Animal Show.

Wild Animal Show.

Spessardly and his bears, the equestrian bear, the polar bears storming the fort, Marcella and her mived group, Mile. Divala and her lapards and inguars, as well as the other acts in Bostock's Wild Animal Arena, have storved relicable drawing cards all this week in Idlawood. The larse audiences that have witnessed the two daily performances have heen delighted with each of the acts, and especially with that of Professor Spessardly. Thursday night Fiffi, usually one of the best-natured of the lears, turned on his trainer and bit the professor's middle finger of the left hand.

All day yesterday the management was kept busy getting the animals from their traveling dens to their winter quarters, and now the building is well filled. In fact, there is not nearly room enough to accommodate the authors is the management would like.

# MAYOR RIDDICK PEANUT-GROWERS PRESSING CASE

Writes Letter to Norfolk Board of Control Relative to Erasure of Treasurer's Name.

HIS SENTENCE HAVE NO POLITICS IN IT REDUCES Covernment's Leniency to N. S. Porter Very Gratifying to

Chief of Police H. Mallory Boush of mis-demeanor charges preferred against City Treasurer H. S. Herman by police offi-

Norfolk People.

cers who arrested the treasurer. The Mayor refers the matter to the board "that an investigation may be had."

The Mayor also advises Chief Boush of his action. The chief says that he is ready for the Mayor. In a list of witnesses that the Mayor furnished the board are the names of

furnished the board are the names of the police officers who arrested Herman and a number of women from the dis-trict in which the treasurer was arrested. The board has as yet taken no action in the matter.

The announcement that the sentence of Paymaster's Clerk A. S. Porter, U. S. N., charged with making way with the funds of the soverment has them reduced by of the government, has been reduced by

two years' imprisonment, was received with gratification by the friends here and in Portsmouth of the unfortunate young Porter was tried at the Boston Navy Yard, and after a long struggle, lasting twenty-one days, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Porter comes from

very good family in Portsmouth The case has been an interesting one, and the dishonesty of Porter brought about the resignation of Paymaster Dexter Tiffany, whose clerk Porter was, who made good all losses and then quit the service. The result also shows that a paymaster's clerk may be held and criminally prosecuted even though the losses in money are made good to the governin money are made good to the government.

Paymaster Tiffany was not tried. He secured Porter as his clerk, following the custom of each paymaster, nominating to the Secretary of the Navy his own asistant. The paymaster and his clerk served at the Norfolk Navy Yard, and later on the battleship Rhode Island. An inspection showed the cash on the Rhode Island to be \$2,000 short, and shortly thereafter it was discovered that the supplies at Norfolk, for which Paymaster Tiffany was responsible, were \$8,000 short. Fiffany was responsible, were \$8,000 short. Another shortage in the commissary de-partment of the Rhode Island brought the total up to about \$18,000.

the total up to about \$18,000. When these facts were brought forth, Paymaster Tiffany paid the government enough to cover all shortages and then resigned from the service. There was nothing criminal on his part in the matter. Charges were made against Porter and he was tried.

# TO FIX PRICES

At Meeting of Union of Producers Steps Were Taken for Mutual Help.

Instant Expulsion Is Penalty for Using the Organization for

Such Purposes.

SCIFFOLK, VA., January II.—Peanut producers representing local unions of the Vinginia and North Carolina counties, which grow seven-eighths of the world's crop, had a general convention in the Academy of Music here to-day. There were accredited delegates from thirty-three local and county unions besides numbers of visitors.

bers of visitors. In the absence of C. W. Mitchell, who an the absence of C. W. Mitchell, who was detained as a member of the Carolina Legislature, the body was presided over by N. T. Ridley, vice-president. In pursuance of the recommendation of a committee of seven it was decided that the minimum price at which peanuts should be sold for the next sixty days shall be five and one-half cents and shall be five and one-half cents, and

shall be five and one-half cents, and that the price shall increase one-eighth of a cent for each succeeding sixty days until the next annual meeting.

A constitution and by-laws were adopted, declaring that the association will affiliate with the American Society of Equity, and that its principal purpose is to procure profitable prices for peanuts. The principal debate was the article as to eligibility. It was finally voted that those who are in sympathy with the peanut-growers' interests may become members, whether they are actual promembers, whether they are actual pro-ducers or not.

Choose Directors.

After numbers of nominations and speeches the following directors were elected: Dr. L. Lankford, of Norfolk, Va.; W. P. Gillette, of Southampton county; Dr. R. H. Stancil, of Northampton county; N. C., and S. B. Windorne, of Hertford county, N. C. The president and secretary are ex-officio members of the board.

A summarized report from the entire district brought out the fact that the union men have on hand seventy-three per cent. of last year's crop, and that non-union men hold twenty-nine and four-fifths per cent.

J. Lyman Babcock, representing the Norfolk and Southern Railway, offered to the association free of charge all the space necessary to make an elaborate exhibit at the Lamestown Expession and Choose Directors.

space necessary to make an elaborate exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition, and also to install and maintain such exhibit. The railroad wants 2,000 yards of peanut festoons. Upon the invitation of the Jamestown Commission, the association will meet next September 26th and 27th n the Exposition Auditorium. It was decided that the attempt on the part of any member to use the association for political purposes should be penalized by instant expulsion.

ter. Charges were made against Point and he was tried.

Will Appoint Mr. Tucker,
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

HÓANOKÉ, VA., January 11.—Judge Woods will to-morrow appoint Mr. Hill Tucker, deputy clerk of the court, to the position of commissioner of revenue, made vacant by the death of Mr. W. K. Bryant. Virginia to Be Flagship.